

CATAWBA VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE 2024 ANNUAL SECURITY REPORT



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Catawba Valley Community College 2024 Annual Security Report

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Catawba Valley Community College 2024 Annual Security Report is prepared in cooperation with the local law enforcement agencies surrounding our main campus and our off-campus centers. Campus crime, arrest, and referral statistics for 2022, 2023, and 2024 are included in this report. These statistics include those reported to the Catawba Valley Community College Campus Safety and Security Department, campus security authorities (CSAs), and local law enforcement agencies surrounding our main campus and our off-campus centers.

Notification of the availability of the Annual Security Report is also part of the orientation for all new students and all new employees, and printed copies are available to prospective employees in the Human Resources Office and prospective students in the Student Services office, as well as, posted on Campus Safety and Security pages of the college's website.

About the "Clery Act"

The Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act is a federal law requiring colleges and universities in the United States participating in federal student aid programs to disclose information about crime on and around their campus.

The Clery Act requires colleges and universities to:

- Publish an Annual Security Report (ASR) by October 1, documenting three calendar years of select campus crime statistics and including security policies and procedures, information and policies on dating violence, domestic violence, stalking, and sexual assault, as well as information on the basic rights guaranteed to victims of sexual assault. Policy statements include:
 - Policies and procedures for reporting crimes and other emergencies and the College's response to these reports
 - The law enforcement authority of Security personnel
 - The relationships between Campus Safety and Security and local law enforcement agencies
 - The security of and access to campus facilities
 - Crime Prevention
 - Educational programs designed to increase awareness of safety and security
 - Emergency response procedures including notifying the campus community of an immediate threat
 - Sex offenses and obtaining registered sex offender information
 - Alcohol and drugs information
- Keep a public crime log that documents the "nature, date, time, and general location of each crime" and its disposition, if known. The crime log for the most recent 60-day period is accessible to the public from the Campus Safety and Security Department during normal business hours. Any portion of the crime log that is older than 60 days will be made available within two business days upon request.
- Disclose crime statistics for incidents that occur on campus, in public areas immediately adjacent to or running through the campus, and at certain non-campus locations. The Clery Act crime categories include Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter, Manslaughter by Negligence, Sexual Assault (Rape, Fondling, Incest, and Statutory Rape), Robbery, Aggravated Assault, Burglary, Motor Vehicle Theft, Arson, and arrests and disciplinary referrals for Weapons, Alcohol, and Drug Law Violations.
- Hate crimes must be reported by category of prejudice, including race, gender, religion,

sexual orientation, gender identity, ethnicity, national origin, and disability. Statistics are also required for four additional crime categories if the crime committed is classified as a hate crime: larceny/theft, simple assault, intimidation, and destruction/damage/ vandalism of property. In addition, the college must disclose domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking incidents that were reported to campus security authorities and unfounded crimes.

- Issue timely warnings about Clery Act crimes that pose a serious or ongoing threat to students and employees.
- Inform prospective students and employees about the availability of the report.
- Submit crime statistics to the US Department of Education. Each year, Clery Act crimes must be submitted to the Department of Education via the annual Campus Safety and Security Survey, a web-based data collection survey maintained by the Department of Education to disclose crime statistics by type, location, and year. The data is then posted on the Department of Education's public website for use by higher education consumers and the public. The [US Department of Education Campus Safety and Security](http://ope.ed.gov/campusafety) site is located at <http://ope.ed.gov/campusafety>.

Campus Security Authority and Relationship with Law Enforcement

The administration attempts to provide a safe, secure educational environment for all students and employees. Deputies and security officers are on duty during classes and on weekends. The uniformed deputies are provided by the college by means of a contract with the Catawba County Sheriff's Office. The College also has security officers that work out of the Office of Safety, Security and Health. The college maintains a healthy working relationship with all state and local enforcement agencies.

Reporting of Criminal Offenses

Catawba Valley Community College encourages all students and employees to report emergencies and/or criminal actions. If the emergency or criminal action involves personal injury or damage, Campus Deputies and Security personnel should be notified, immediately. If there is an immediate threat or emergency always, dial 911 first.

Campus Deputies and Security (828) 327-7000 Ext. 0
On Campus Emergency Line3711 (*Dial from on-campus phone*)

All crimes or emergencies should be reported to Campus Deputies and Security to ensure inclusion in the annual crime statistics and to aid in providing timely warnings to the community when appropriate.

Timely Warnings

In the event that a situation arises, either on or off campus, that, in the judgment of the president, his senior administrative staff, and/or Campus Deputies or Security, is a potential ongoing or continuing threat, a campus-wide "timely warning" will be issued. The warning will be issued through the most effective and efficient means available and may include instant messaging to faculty and staff as well as e-mail notification and text messaging through InformaCast to faculty, staff, and students. Announcements may also be made over the College's mass notification system.

Depending on the circumstances of the crime, especially in all situations that could pose an immediate threat to the community and individuals, the president or any member of his senior administrative staff may post a notice on the [website](http://www.cvcc.edu) at <http://www.cvcc.edu>. In such instances, a copy of the notice will be posted in common areas throughout the campus.

Anyone with information warranting a timely warning should report the circumstances to the College switchboard at (828) 327-7000 extension 0 or dial 7505 if on campus, or to Campus Deputies and Security by phone at (828) 327-7000 extension 711, dial 3711 from a campus phone, or in person at the Campus Safety and Security office located in the CAD building room 139.

Emergency Response and Evacuation Procedures

Catawba Valley Community College will immediately notify the campus community upon confirmation of a significant emergency or dangerous situation occurring on the campus involving an immediate threat to the health or safety of students or employees.

In addition to emergencies that occur on campus, the Catawba County 911 Communications Center, Hickory, Conover, Newton, and Taylorsville Police and Fire Departments, Catawba County Sheriff's Office, Alexander County Sheriff's Office, Alexander County Emergency Services and Catawba County Emergency Services cooperate with CVCC by informing the College about emergencies or dangerous situations reported to them that may warrant a timely warning and/or emergency response.

Emergency notifications are initiated to the campus community through a variety of methods, including but not limited to the following:

- Announcements made over the indoor/outdoor mass notification system
- InformaCast – a communications platform used to deliver alerts to cell phones
- Campus emails
- Pre-recorded voicemail announcement for incoming calls to the College's main telephone line
- Notices posted in a banner on the main CVCC website
- Digital signage
- Local media (television, radio, etc.)
- Social media (Facebook, Twitter, etc.)
- Notices printed and posted on the exterior doors of campus buildings
- Bull horns

Notifications may be broadcasted by any, all, or a combination of the methods listed above. Mass notification announcements and InformaCast Alerts are generally relayed by the Campus Safety and Security Office. Pre-recorded voicemails are managed by the Campus Safety and Security Office; digital signage by a combination of the Office of Safety and Security as well as Marketing Services; and the website and local/social media communication by the Public Information Officer and Marketing Department and/or Information Technology (IT) Services.

CVCC will, immediately, consider the safety of the community, determine the content of the notification and initiate the notification system, unless issuing a notification will, in the professional judgment of responsible authorities, compromise efforts to assist a victim or to contain, respond to, or otherwise mitigate the emergency. In order to reduce the time needed to determine the content of emergency notifications while actively responding to emergencies, sample notification scripts have been drafted to address various types of situations and copies have been retained from actual notifications broadcasted or posted during previous campus incidents and emergency exercises.

[CVCC Emergency Operations Plan \(EOP\)](http://www.cvcc.edu/Services/Safety_And_Security/Emergency-operations-plan-general.cfm) can be located at the following website:
http://www.cvcc.edu/Services/Safety_And_Security/Emergency-operations-plan-general.cfm.

The College tests its emergency response and evacuation procedures by conducting a variety of tabletop exercises, drills, and functional exercises, at minimum, once per year. Tests are normally announced beforehand, to minimize the interruptions to classes, testing, meetings, campus events, conferences, etc.

The following procedures pertain to building evacuations, and can be found in the ERP:

1. A building should be evacuated anytime the building alarm sounds or upon notification that the building should be evacuated.
2. When notified to evacuate the building all occupants should immediately exit using the nearest point of safe exit in an orderly manner. Staff, faculty, and the Building Emergency Team should ensure all students have evacuated the building unless directed otherwise by Emergency Personnel.
3. Faculty, Building Emergency Team, or staff should assist anyone with special needs in exiting the building.
4. Do not attempt to reenter the building for any reason, until the "All Clear" is sounded by Emergency Personnel or the Office of Safety, Security and Health.

Occasionally, a campus state of emergency may be declared, resulting in the evacuation of the entire campus. When a campus state of emergency is declared, all non-essential personnel and students should begin an orderly evacuation of the campus. Campus Deputies and Security and Facility Services personnel will remain on-site and direct traffic to ensure the safest and quickest evacuation of the campus.

Special attention should be focused on the evacuation of people with special needs, whether this is due to mobility, hearing, visual, or cognitive impairment, a lack of transportation, or a language barrier. Other special concerns may include the evacuation of children from the Child Development Center, and coordination with Catawba County Schools regarding high school students on campus and visitors on campus (clients in Dental Hygiene, clients in the Cosmetology Salon, etc.).

Confidential Reporting of Crimes

The College encourages anyone who is the victim or witness to any crime to report the incident as soon as possible. All reports will be investigated. The College does not have procedures for voluntary, confidential reporting of crime statistics except to the extent that doing so is permitted by law. CVCC requires all College employees, with the exception of licensed counselors, to share reported incidents with the College's Campus Deputies and Security personnel or other campus officials. Violations of the law will be referred to the Campus Deputies and the Safety and Security office and when appropriate the Director of Human Resources.

Facility Access Policy/Facility Maintenance

During normal business hours, the College will be open to students, parents, employees, contractors, guests, and invitees. During non-business hours, access to all College facilities is by key, if issued, by keyless entry using an assigned HID access card, or by admittance via Campus Deputies, Security staff, or facility services staff.

In addition, contractors may be provided temporary access to facilities to perform service or construction work during periods the College is closed.

Employees are issued keys or access cards to buildings or rooms. An employee who loans any building key or access card to another employee is responsible for any misuse or breach of security resulting from the transfer. Keys and access cards should not be transferred from one employee to another, nor should any building key be duplicated without authorization.

The transfer of keys or access cards among employees, the replacement of lost keys, and the distribution of new keys or access cards are the responsibility of the Office of Safety and Security and facilities management.

Both the Maintenance Department and the Office of Safety, Security and Health will constantly monitor the campus to make sure that pathways are well-lighted and egress lighting is working in hallways and stairwells.

Alcoholic Beverages or Controlled Substances

It is the policy of Catawba Valley Community College that the unlawful manufacture, distribution, dispensation, possession, or use of a controlled substance or alcohol is prohibited while in the workplace, on College premises, or as part of any College-sponsored activities. Any employee or student violating this policy will be subject to disciplinary action up to and including termination or expulsion and referral for prosecution. All applicable state and federal laws will be enforced on all CVCC properties. The specifics of this policy can be found on the [CVCC website](http://www.cvcc.edu) at <http://www.cvcc.edu>.

Drug and Alcohol Abuse Education

The College has developed programs to prevent the illicit use of drugs and the abuse of alcohol by students and employees. The program provides services related to drug use and abuse including dissemination of information materials, programs sponsored by the Student Government Association, referrals, and College disciplinary actions. Additional information on these topics as well as the policy for enforcement of federal and state laws can be obtained by referencing the College's document concerning the Drug Free Schools and Communities Act of 1989.

A violation of any law regarding alcohol is also a violation of the college's student code of conduct and will be treated as a separate disciplinary matter by the College.

A list of local mental health and substance abuse services is available in the Office of Safety, Security and Health located on the first floor Room 139 of the CAD Building:

Additional information about drug and alcohol abuse, health risks, addiction and prevention can be accessed at the [National Institute on Alcohol Abuse and Alcoholism \(https://www.niaaa.nih.gov/\)](https://www.niaaa.nih.gov/), as well as, the [National Institute on Drug Abuse \(https://www.drugabuse.gov/\)](https://www.drugabuse.gov/).

[The Drug Free Schools and Communities Act Publication](http://www.cvcc.edu/Services/Safety_And_Security/index.cfm) information is posted on the CVCC website on the Security and Security page found at http://www.cvcc.edu/Services/Safety_And_Security/index.cfm

Sexual Offender Registration

The Campus Sex Crimes Prevention Act requires institutions of higher education to provide a statement advising the campus community where law enforcement information provided by a state concerning registered sex offenders can be obtained. The College is providing a link to the [North Carolina Sex Offender and Public Protection Registry](http://sexoffender.ncsbi.gov/) at <http://sexoffender.ncsbi.gov/>. This NC registry was established in January 1996 due to the General Assembly's enactment of Article 27A of Chapter 14 of NC General Statutes (NCGS 14-208.5).

Sexual Assault and Misconduct

Sexual misconduct includes a range of behaviors such as those defined below. In addition, any other conduct of a sexual nature that is nonconsensual or has the purpose or effect of threatening, intimidating, or coercing a person or persons (e.g. intimate partner violence) is defined as sexual misconduct. Both men and women may be perpetrators, as well as victims.

1. Sexual Assault – refers to any sexual contact directed against another person, forcibly and/or against the person's will; or not forcibly or against the person's will where the victim is incapable of giving consent, as well as incest or statutory rape.

NC General Statute § 50B-1

2. Domestic Violence – includes felony or misdemeanor crimes of violence committed by persons who:

- a. are current or former spouses;
- b. are persons of the opposite sex who live together or have lived together;
- c. are related as parents and children, including others acting in loco parentis to a minor child, or as grandparents and grandchildren. For these purposes, an aggrieved party may not obtain an order of protection against a child or grandchild under the age of 16;
- d. have a child in common;
- e. are current or former household members; and/or
- f. are persons of the opposite sex who are in a dating relationship or have been in a dating relationship. For these purposes, a dating relationship is one wherein the parties are romantically involved over time and on a continuous basis during the course of the relationship. A casual acquaintance or ordinary fraternization between persons in a business or social context is not a dating relationship.

3. Dating Violence – refers to violence committed by a person:

- a. who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim; and
- b. where the existence of such a relationship shall be determined based on a consideration of the following factors: the length of the relationship, the type of relationship, and the frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship.

NC General Statute §14-277.3A

4. Stalking – occurs when an individual engages in a course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to fear for his or her safety or the safety of others, or suffer substantial emotional distress.

a. Definitions – The following definitions apply to the above:

- i. Course of conduct – Two or more acts, including, but not limited to, acts in which the stalker directly, indirectly, or through third parties, by any action, method, device, or means, is in the presence of, or follows, monitors, observes, surveils, threatens, or communicates to or about a person, or interferes with a person's property.
- ii. Harasses or harassment – Knowing conduct, including written or printed communication or transmission, telephone, cellular, or other wireless telephonic communication, facsimile transmission, pager messages or transmissions, answering machine or voice mail messages or transmissions, and electronic mail messages or other computerized or electronic transmissions directed at a specific person that torments, terrorizes or terrifies that person and that serves no legitimate purpose.
- iii. Reasonable person – A reasonable person in the victim's circumstances.
- iv. Substantial emotional distress – Significant mental suffering or distress that may, but does not necessarily, require medical or other professional treatment or counseling.

5. Consent – explicit approval to engage in sexual activity demonstrated by clear actions or words. This decision must be made freely and actively by all participants. Non-verbal communication (i.e. pushing someone away or moving your body away from someone), silence, passivity, or lack of active resistance does not imply consent. In addition, previous participation in sexual activity does not indicate current consent to participate and consent to one form of sexual activity does not imply consent to other forms of sexual activity. Consent has not been obtained in situations where the individual:
 - a. is forced, pressured, manipulated, or has a reasonable fear that they will be injured if they do not submit to the act.
 - b. is incapable of giving consent or is prevented from resisting due to physical or mental incapacity, which includes, but is not limited to, the influence of drugs or alcohol. This includes drugs such as GHB, Rohypnol, and Ketamine which are often used to facilitate sexual assault and rape.
 - c. has a mental or physical disability that inhibits his/her ability to give consent.

Reporting an Incident of Sexual Misconduct

Catawba Valley Community College prohibits the crimes of dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault, and stalking, as such terms are defined for purposes under the Clery Act. The College encourages any member of the CVCC community who has experienced sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, stalking, or knows of another member of the community who has experienced any of these crimes, to report the incident to the College.

If a CVCC student, employee, or visitor, has experienced a sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking, he/she should immediately report the incident to Campus Deputies and Security at (828) 327-7000 extension 0. If there is an immediate threat, please dial 911.

Individuals may also make an in-person report. Campus Deputies and Security will assist all members of the CVCC community by assessing the incident, advising the victim on how he or she can seek legal protection, and making the victim aware of medical, counseling, and other support services. If a reported incident did not occur on campus, Campus Deputies and Security can assist the victim in notifying the local police department with jurisdiction over the crime. In case of an emergency or ongoing threat, a victim should get to a safe location and call 911. Calling 911 will put you in touch with local police.

Employees who have experienced sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking may also report an incident to the Office of Human Resources. The Director of Human Resources also serves as the college's Title IX Deputy Coordinator.

Students who have experienced a sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking may also report an incident to the Dean of Enrollment Management located in the Student Services Building. The Dean of Enrollment Management also serves as the college's Title IX Coordinator.

These offices will provide victims of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking with information about available support services and resources, and assist any victim in notifying law enforcement, including the local police if the victim elects to do so.

Victims are not required to report to area law enforcement in order to receive assistance from or pursue any options within Catawba Valley Community College.

Reporting sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking to the police (including Campus Deputy and Security) does not commit the victim to further legal action. However, the earlier an incident is reported, the easier it will be for the police to investigate if the victim decides to proceed with criminal charges

Options for Bystander Intervention

Bystander intervention is defined as safe and positive options that may be carried out by an individual or individuals to prevent harm or intervene when there is a risk of dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault, or stalking. The following tips are cited from Workplace Answers, 2014 online training module titled "Preventing Discrimination and Sexual Violence: Title IX and the SaVE Act for Students":

- Do not leave someone alone if they are unconscious, drunk, or high on drugs.
- Do not let anyone engage in sexual activity with someone who is unconscious, drunk, or high on drugs.
- Check in with your friends during parties or events and leave with them.
- Offer help to someone who is a target or at risk of sexual violence.
- Call the police if you see a sexual assault or hear a confession of rape.
- If someone jokes about rape or sexual violence, speak up to let him or her know it is not acceptable.
- Everyone on campus can help prevent domestic violence and stalking: Don't encourage hostile or violent comments about other students.
- Do not share information about an acquaintance's schedule or whereabouts with a stranger.
- If someone appears to be getting verbally abused or pushed around, ask, "Are you okay?" Intervene or get help if needed.
- If you see someone being attacked, followed, or in distress, report it to Campus Security or the Campus Deputies immediately.
- Watch for signs that a relationship could become violent. Individuals who show extreme jealousy, controlling behavior, quick anger, and unpredictable mood swings may be more likely to become violent in a relationship.
- Keep your distance if stepping in seems unsafe.
- Keep sight of the attacker and point the attacker out to authorities.
- Contact the authorities anonymously if necessary.

Written Notification of Rights and Options

Any student or employee, who reports an incident of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking, whether the incident occurred on or off campus, shall receive a written explanation of their rights and options as provided for under this policy.

These rights and options include the right(s) of a victim to:

- Be assisted by Campus Deputies & Security authorities or college personnel if reporting a crime to law enforcement.

- Request that police or security remain at the scene until your safety is otherwise ensured.
- Change academic, working, or parking situations to avoid a hostile environment.
- Obtain or enforce a restraining order.
- Have a clear description of CVCC's disciplinary process, the rights afforded under this process, and know the range of possible sanctions up to and including suspension or expulsion.
- Receive contact information about existing counseling, health, mental health, victim advocacy, legal assistance, and other services available both on-campus and in the community.

Procedures Victims Should Follow

If an incident of sexual assault, domestic assault, dating violence, or stalking occurs, it is important to preserve evidence so that successful criminal prosecution remains an option.

The victim of a sexual assault should not wash, shower or bathe, douche, brush teeth, comb hair, or change clothes prior to a medical exam or treatment. If a victim has removed the clothing, he or she was wearing during the assault prior to seeking medical treatment, that clothing should be placed in a brown paper, not plastic, bag and brought to the hospital when treatment is sought. If the victim is still wearing the clothes that he or she was wearing during an assault, he/she should bring a change of clothes with him/her to the hospital so that the clothes containing possible evidence can be preserved and examined for evidence of the crime.

Evidence of violence, such as bruising or other visible injuries, following an incident of sexual assault, or domestic or dating violence, should be documented by taking a photograph. Evidence of stalking, including any communications such as written notes, email, voice mail, or other electronic communications sent by the stalker, should be saved and not altered in any way.

On-Campus and Off-Campus Resources

The following CVCC employees and on-campus offices can assist members of the CVCC community in considering their options and navigating through any resources or recourse they may elect to pursue.

- Chief Human Resources Officer – (828) 327-7000, ext. 4277
- Dean of Enrollment Management– (828) 327-7000, ext. 4143

A victim need not formally report an incident of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking to law enforcement or Catawba County Community College in order to access the following resources:

Off-Campus Resources include the following:

[NCCASA – North Carolina Coalition Against Sexual Assault](#)

811 Spring Forest Road, Suite 900

Raleigh, NC 27609

Phone: (919) 871-1015

Fax: (919) 871-5895

Email: nccasa@nccasa.org Website: <https://nccasa.org/>

[NCADV – National Coalition Against Domestic Violence](#)

Website: <https://ncadv.org>

[NCADV Program Information PDF: https://ncadv.org/assets/2497/north_carolina.pdf](https://ncadv.org/assets/2497/north_carolina.pdf)

[NCDSV – National Center on Domestic and Sexual Violence](#)

Phone: (800) 799-SAFE

Website: <http://www.ncdsv.org>

[NNEDV – National Network to End Domestic Violence](#)

Website: <https://www.nnedv.org>

[RAINN – Rape, Abuse & Incest National Network](#)

National Sexual Assault Hotline: (800) 656-4673 Website: <https://www.rainn.org/>

[NC SAVAN – North Carolina Statewide Automated Victim Assistance and Notification](#)

Phone: (877) 627-2826

Website: www.ncsavan.org

[TBTN – Take Back The Night](#)

Website: <https://takebackthenight.org>

Accommodations

Regardless of whether a student or employee reports an incident of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking to law enforcement or pursues any formal action. If he/she reports such an incident to the College, Catawba Valley Community College is committed to providing him/her as safe a learning or working environment as possible. Upon request, CVCC will make any reasonably available change to a victim's academic, transportation, parking, and/or working situation. When a reported incident of abuse involves more than one member of the CVCC community, the College's Dean of School of Access, Development and Success, Director of Human Resources, or Campus Deputies and Security may also issue a verbal warning prohibiting the individual from contacting one another, either on or off campus. Employees may contact the Office of Human Resources and students may contact the Dean of Enrollment Management for assistance.

Campus Deputies and Security will advise victims how to seek a restraining order from a criminal court that directs the accused to refrain from abuse and to leave the victim's household, building, school, college, or workplace.

Catawba Valley Community College is committed to ensuring that orders of protection issued by courts are fully upheld on all College-owned, used, and controlled property. Therefore, if any member of the CVCC community obtains an order of protection or restraining order, he/she should promptly inform CVCC and provide Campus Deputies and Security with a copy of that order, so that the College can enforce it. Catawba Valley Community College is also committed to protecting victims from any further harm, and if the College determines that an individual's presence on campus poses a danger to one or more members of the College community, CVCC can issue a no trespass directive barring that individual from CVCC property.

Confidentiality of Sexual Misconduct Reports

Catawba Valley Community College recognizes the sensitive nature of the sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking incidents and is committed to protecting the privacy of individuals who report incidents of abuse, to the extent that doing so is permitted by law and consistent with the College's need to protect the safety of the community. Different CVCC officials and personnel are able to offer varying levels of privacy protection to victims.

CVCC requires all College employees, with the exception of licensed counselors, to share with the College's Director of Human Resources or Dean of Enrollment Management information they learn concerning a report of sexual assault, an incident of domestic or dating violence, or stalking, so that the college can investigate the incidents, track trends (including possible multiple reports involving the same assailant) and determine whether steps are needed to ensure the safety of the community. It is the victim's choice whether he/she wishes to participate in the investigation; however, the College may proceed with an investigation without the victim's participation if there is a concern for the safety of other members of the community.

Reports made to Campus Deputies and Security will be shared with the Title IX Coordinator, who is the Dean of Enrollment Management and the Director of Human Resources, who is a Deputy Coordinator in all cases, and may also be made public (maintaining the victim's anonymity) and shared with the accused in cases where criminal prosecution is pursued. Reports received by the College concerning the abuse of a minor or juvenile must be reported to state officials in compliance with state law requiring mandatory reporting of child abuse. All members of the CVCC community are required by College policy to report any instances of known child abuse or neglect to Campus Deputies and Security, and Campus Deputies and Security will in turn report such information to the appropriate state authorities.

Reports and information received by CVCC's licensed counselors are considered legally protected or 'privileged' under North Carolina law. Those individuals will not share information they learn from victims with others within the institution (including the College's Director of Human Resources or the Dean of Enrollment Management or with any third party) except in cases of imminent danger to the victim or third party. Absent such circumstances of imminent danger, the only information that these employees will report to the College concerning incidents is statistical information. Which does not identify the victim so that the incident can be included in the College's crime reporting statistics that are reported in CVCC's annual Clery Reports.

While federal law requires Catawba Valley Community College to include certain reported incidents of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking among its annual campus crime statistics, such information will be reported in a manner that does not permit the identification of victims.

CVCC Educational Programs

Catawba Valley Community College is committed to increasing awareness and prevention and reducing the risk of discrimination, harassment, and sexual misconduct through educational programming. Workshops throughout the year and new student and employee orientations are provided to address these issues.

Conduct Proceedings

For Employees:

If an employee feels that he/she is a victim of harassment, discrimination, or sexual misconduct by another employee, supervisor, student, or non-employee, the following steps are to be taken.

Responsibilities of Supervisors and Managers

Notify the supervisor of the situation, who shall be responsible for investigating and taking immediate, corrective and appropriate action. The supervisor will work expeditiously and fairly to address all allegations of harassment, discrimination, and sexual misconduct within their departments whether or not there has been a written or formal complaint. The supervisor must:

- Take all complaints or concerns of alleged or possible harassment, discrimination, or sexual misconduct seriously no matter how minor or who is involved.
- Ensure that harassment, discrimination, or sexual misconduct is immediately reported to Human Resources so that a prompt investigation can occur. HR will notify the police if criminal activities are alleged.
- Take any appropriate action to prevent retaliation or prohibited conduct from recurring during and after any investigations or complaints.

Managers and supervisors who knowingly allow or tolerate harassment, discrimination, misconduct, or retaliation, including the failure to immediately report such misconduct to Human Resources, are in violation of this policy and subject to discipline.

Responsibilities of Human Resources

If the individual cannot talk to or approach the supervisor about the matter, or if the harassing or discriminating behavior or sexual misconduct is coming from the supervisor, the individual may go to Human Resources to investigate and take immediate, corrective, and appropriate action. The Human Resources Director is responsible for:

- Ensuring that both the individual filing the complaint (hereafter referred to as the “complainant”) and the accused individual (hereafter referred to as the “respondent”) are aware of the seriousness of harassment, discrimination, or sexual misconduct complaint.
- Explaining CVCC’s discrimination, harassment, and sexual misconduct policy and investigation procedures to the complainant and the respondent.
- Exploring informal means of resolving complaints.
- Notifying the police if criminal activities are alleged.
- Arranging for an investigation of the alleged discrimination, harassment or sexual misconduct and the preparation of a written report.

- Submitting a written report summarizing the results of the investigation and making recommendations to designated college officials.
- Notifying the complainant and the respondent of the corrective actions to be taken, if any, and administering those actions.
- At any point in the process, as preferred, the individual may go to the president who shall be expected to investigate the situation and take immediate, corrective, and appropriate action.

For Students:

Any student who feels that he/she is a victim of discrimination, harassment or sexual misconduct and files a grievance or, any student who is accused of any of this policy's prohibited behaviors will be notified immediately and required to see the Dean of Enrollment Management (or designee). If there is an imminent threat, a college official may temporarily suspend the student in order to immediately address the concern. Students found responsible for having committed such a violation may face several sanctions, as outlined in the College Catalog and Student Handbook.

The Dean of Enrollment Management (or designee) will investigate all allegations including interviewing the respondent, the complainant, any witnesses, and collecting or reviewing any relevant evidence before rendering a decision or sanction or referring the matter to the college's Student Grievance Committee. The disciplinary appeals procedure and the student grievance procedure are outlined in the College Catalog and Student Handbook.

All conduct proceedings shall provide a prompt, fair, and impartial investigation and resolution. In all investigatory and adjudication proceedings conducted by the College concerning charges of sexual misconduct, both the complainant and the respondent will be afforded the same process rights, including equal opportunities to have others present. This includes the right to be accompanied by an advisor of their choice. Both the complainant and respondent will also be afforded an equal opportunity to introduce evidence and identify witnesses. Both will be informed of the outcome of the disciplinary proceedings.

The lead investigator for employee-on-employee and employee-on-student issues will typically be the Director of Human Resources. In these situations, the Title IX Coordinator (or designee) will serve as the student advocate throughout the process. If circumstances arise where it is inappropriate for this person to serve as the lead investigator or advocate, the responsibility will be assigned to another campus official trained in issues of sexual misconduct.

Retaliation

No student or employee shall be subject to any form of reprisal or retaliation for having made a good-faith complaint or for participating in an investigation of such complaint. Appropriate steps will be taken to protect students and employees from retaliation.

Hazing and Other Related Misconduct

At Catawba Valley Community College, we are committed to maintaining a safe and respectful environment for all members. We have a strict no tolerance policy for hazing in any form. Hazing is not only harmful and degrading, but it also undermines the values of our community. Any individual or group found to be engaging in hazing activities will face immediate disciplinary action, which may include suspension, expulsion, termination or may lead to criminal charges being filed.

Awareness: We must educate ourselves and others about the dangers and signs of hazing. Understanding that hazing can take many forms, from physical abuse to psychological manipulation, is crucial in identifying and preventing it. All athletic coaches and club advisors are required to cover this material with each group they are involved with.

Prevention: Prevention starts with a zero-tolerance policy towards hazing. Encouraging open communication, promoting positive team-building activities, and providing support resources are key steps in creating a hazing-free environment. It is everyone's responsibility to speak out against hazing and support those who may be affected.

We encourage everyone to report any incidents of hazing to the appropriate authorities immediately.

Together, we can build a community where respect and kindness prevail, ensuring a safe and supportive environment for all.

Crime Prevention and Safety Tips

Personal Safety

- Walk in a group or at least with a friend.
- Walk only in well-lighted areas.
- Never lend out keys. Keys cannot be duplicated.
- When leaving your office or work area, tell someone where you are going and when you will return.
- Do not offer a ride to any individual you do not know, even if the person claims to be a student.
- Report to Campus Deputy and Security any malfunctioning door, corridor, hallway, or exterior lighting.
- Trust your intuition! If you do not feel comfortable, call the Campus Deputy and Security.

Parking Lots

- Try to park in well-lighted areas. If you arrive during the day and work until after dark, consider moving your car closer during daylight hours.
- Always lock your car doors.
- Be aware of the lot in which you are parked so you can give your location quickly during an emergency call.
- Have keys ready. Be prepared to enter the car quickly and lock the doors immediately.
- Trust your intuition! If you do not feel comfortable, call the Campus Deputy and Security.

Preventing Theft

- Do not leave valuables unlocked or unattended, even for short periods!
- If you are an employee, lock doors when leaving your office, classroom, or lab. If you do not have a key, call the Campus Deputy and Security for a key assist.
- Do not prop doors open. If a lock is not working properly, report it to Campus Deputy and Security.
- Keep a list of your debit/credit card numbers in a safe place. Never loan debit/credit cards or identification cards to anyone.
- Do not carry large amounts of cash on campus.

Auto Burglary and Theft

- Do not leave valuables or important papers in your vehicle on campus in visible locations.
- Lock all doors and windows.
- Never leave your vehicle running while unattended.
- Report any individuals who appear to be wandering through parking lots or looking into vehicles.
- Report all other suspicious activity to Campus Deputy and Security.

Definitions of the Clery Crimes and Statistics

The Clery Act requires colleges and universities to publicly publish three years of campus crime statistics. Catawba Valley Community College crime statistics have been disclosed in compliance with the Clery Act.

Definitions of Clery Crimes:

- **Aggravated Assault** – An unlawful attack by one person upon another for the purpose of inflicting severe or aggravated bodily injury. This type of assault is usually accompanied by the use of a weapon or by means likely to produce death or great bodily harm.
- **Arson** – Any willful or malicious burning or attempt to burn, with or without intent to defraud, a dwelling house, public building, motor vehicle or aircraft, personal property of another, etc.
- **Burglary** – The unlawful entry of a structure to commit a felony or theft.
- **Constructive Possession** – The condition in which a person does not have physical custody or possession, but is in a position to exercise dominion or control over a thing.
- **Dating Violence** – Refers to violence committed by a person who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim; and where the existence of such a relationship shall be determined based on a consideration of the following factors: the length of the relationship, the type of relationship, and the frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship.
- **Destruction/Damage/Vandalism of Property** – To willfully or maliciously destroy, damage, deface, or otherwise injure real or personal property without the consent of the owner or the person having custody or control of it.
- **Domestic Violence** – Includes felony or misdemeanor crimes of violence committed by persons who:
 - are current or former spouses;
 - are persons of opposite sex who live together or have lived together;
 - are related as parents and children, including others acting in loco parentis to a minor child, or as grandparents and grandchildren. For these purposes, an aggrieved party may not obtain an order of protection against a child or grandchild under the age of 16;
 - have a child in common;
 - are current or former household members; and/or
 - are persons of the opposite sex who are in a dating relationship or have been in a dating relationship. For these purposes, a dating relationship is one wherein the parties are romantically involved over time and on a continuous basis during the course of the relationship. A casual acquaintance or ordinary fraternization between persons in a business or social context is not a dating relationship.
- **Drug Abuse Violations** – The violation of laws prohibiting the production, distribution and/or use of certain controlled substances and the equipment or devices utilized in their preparation and/or use. The unlawful cultivation, manufacture, distribution, sale, purchase, use, possession, transportation or importation of any controlled drug or narcotic substance. Arrests for violations of state and local laws, specifically those relating to the unlawful possession, sale, use, growing, manufacturing and making of narcotic drugs. The relevant substances include: opium or cocaine and their derivatives (morphine, heroin, codeine); marijuana; synthetic narcotics - manufactured narcotics which can cause true addiction (Demerol, Methadone); and dangerous nonnarcotic drugs (barbiturates, Benzedrine).
- **Fondling** – The touching of the private body parts of another person for the purpose of sexual gratification, without the consent of the victim, including instances where the victim

is incapable of giving consent because of his/her age or because of his/her temporary or permanent mental incapacity.

- **Incest** – Sexual intercourse between persons who are related to each other within the degrees wherein marriage is prohibited by law.
- **Intimidation** – To unlawfully place another person in reasonable fear of bodily harm through the use of threatening words and/or other conduct, but without displaying a weapon or subjecting the victim to actual physical attack.
- **Hate Crimes** – A criminal offense that manifests evidence that the victim was intentionally selected because of the perpetrator's bias against the victim. For the purposes of Clery, the categories of bias include the victim's actual or perceived race, religion, gender, gender identity, sexual orientation, ethnicity, national origin, and disability.
- **Larceny-Theft** – The unlawful taking, carrying, leading, or riding away of property from the possession or constructive possession of another.
- **Liquor Law Violations** – The violation of state laws or local laws or ordinances prohibiting the manufacture, sale, transportation, furnishing, possession or use of alcoholic beverages, not including driving under the influence and drunkenness.
- **Motor Vehicle Theft** – The theft or attempted theft of a motor vehicle.
- **Murder/Manslaughter** – The willful killing of one human being by another.
- **Negligent Manslaughter** – The killing of another person through gross negligence.
- **Rape** – The penetration, no matter how slight, of the vagina or anus, with any body part or object, or oral penetration by a sex organ of another person, without the consent of the victim.
- **Robbery** – The taking or attempting to take anything of value from the care, custody, or control of a person or persons by force or threat of force or violence and/or by putting the victim in fear.
- **Sexual Assault** – Refers to any sexual contact directed against another person, forcibly and/or against the person's will; or not forcibly or against the person's will where the victim is incapable of giving consent, as well as incest or statutory rape.
- **Simple Assault** – An unlawful physical attack by one person upon another where neither the offender displays a weapon, nor the victim suffers obvious severe or aggravated bodily injury involving apparent broken bones, loss of teeth, possible internal injury, severe laceration, or loss of consciousness.
- **Stalking** – Occurs when an individual engages in a course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to fear for his or her safety or the safety of others, or suffer substantial emotional distress.
- **Statutory Rape** – Sexual intercourse with a person who is under the statutory age of consent.
- **Unfounded Crime** – If a crime is investigated by law enforcement authorities and found to be false or baseless, the crime is "unfounded." Only sworn or commissioned law enforcement personnel may unfound a crime.
- **Weapons Law Violations** – The violation of laws or ordinances prohibiting the manufacture, sale, purchase, transportation, possession concealment, or use of firearms, cutting instruments, explosives, incendiary devices or other deadly weapons.

2024 Catawba Valley Community College Annual Security Report

Crime Statistics Table Main Campus

OC – On Campus; NC – Non-Campus; PP – Public Property

Offense	OC	OC	OC	NC	NC	NC	PP	PP	PP
Year	2022	2023	2024	2022	2023	2024	2022	2023	2024
Murder / Non-negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter by Negligence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fondling	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offense Non-Forcible	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Liquor Law Arrest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Liquor Law Violations Referred for Disciplinary Action	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Drug Abuse Arrests	0	1	2	0	0	0	1	0	0
Drug Abuse Referred for Disciplinary Action	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weapons Possession Arrests	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weapons Possession Violations Referred for Disciplinary Action	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Domestic Violence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dating Violence	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Stalking	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Unfounded Crimes	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0

Note

Main campus property located at 2760 Hwy 70 SE Hickory NC was not used for students after the Spring 2024 semester. CVCC moved out the college's belongings and the property was sold to Catawba County.

Hate Crimes

There were no reported hate crimes for the years 2022, 2023, or 2024 based on race, religion, sexual orientation, gender, gender identity, ethnicity, national origin, or disability. Criminal offense categories included murder/non-negligent manslaughter, manslaughter by negligence, sexual assault offenses (rape, fondling, incest, and statutory rape), robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, motor vehicle theft, arson, larceny-theft, simple assault, intimidation, and destruction/ damage/vandalism of property.

UNFOUNDED

There was one unfounded case on Main Campus in 2022 it was OCA 2022-2747.

There was one unfounded case in 2023 on Main Campus the OCA was 2023-24437

There was one unfounded larceny charge on Main Campus in 2024, OCA 2024-02299.

Hazing

There were no reports of hazing on any CVCC campuses.

Crime Statistics Table Newton Center

OC – On Campus; NC – Non-Campus; PP – Public Property

Offense	OC	OC	OC	NC	NC	NC	PP	PP	PP
Year	2022	2023	2024	2022	2023	2024	2022	2023	2024
Murder / Non-negligent Manslaughter	**	**	**	**	**	**	**	**	**
Manslaughter by Negligence	**	**	**	**	**	**	**	**	**
Rape	**	**	**	**	**	**	**	**	**
Fondling	**	**	**	**	**	**	**	**	**
Incest	**	**	**	**	**	**	**	**	**
Sex Offense Non-Forcible	**	**	**	**	**	**	**	**	**
Robbery	**	**	**	**	**	**	**	**	**
Aggravated Assault	**	**	**	**	**	**	**	**	**
Burglary	**	**	**	**	**	**	**	**	**
Motor Vehicle Theft	**	**	**	**	**	**	**	**	**
Arson	**	**	**	**	**	**	**	**	**
Liquor Law Arrest	**	**	**	**	**	**	**	**	**
Liquor Law Violations Referred for Disciplinary Action	**	**	**	**	**	**	**	**	**
Drug Abuse Arrests	**	**	**	**	**	**	**	**	**
Drug Abuse Referred for Disciplinary Action	**	**	**	**	**	**	**	**	**
Weapons Possession Arrests	**	**	**	**	**	**	**	**	**
Weapons Possession Violations Referred for Disciplinary Action	**	**	**	**	**	**	**	**	**
Domestic Violence	**	**	**	**	**	**	**	**	**
Dating Violence	**	**	**	**	**	**	**	**	**
Stalking	**	**	**	**	**	**	**	**	**
Unfounded Crimes	**	**	**	**	**	**	**	**	**

Hate Crimes

There were no reported hate crimes for the years 2022, 2023, or 2024 based on race, religion, sexual orientation, gender, gender identity, ethnicity, national origin, or disability. Criminal offense categories included murder/non-negligent manslaughter, manslaughter by negligence, sexual assault offenses (rape, fondling, incest, and statutory rape), robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, motor vehicle theft, arson, larceny-theft, simple assault, intimidation, and destruction/ damage/vandalism of property.

** Campus was closed prior to the end of 2021.

Crime Statistics Table Manufacturing Solution Center

OC – On Campus; NC – Non-Campus; PP – Public Property

Offense	OC	OC	OC	NC	NC	NC	PP	PP	PP
Year	2022	2023	2024	2022	2023	2024	2022	2023	2024
Murder / Non-negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter by Negligence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fondling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offense Non-Forcible	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	00	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Liquor Law Arrest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Liquor Law Violations Referred for Disciplinary Action	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Drug Abuse Arrests	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Drug Abuse Referred for Disciplinary Action	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weapons Possession Arrests	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weapons Possession Violations Referred for Disciplinary Action	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Domestic Violence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dating Violence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Stalking	0	0		0	0		0	0	0
Unfounded Crimes	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Hate Crimes

There were no reported hate crimes for the years 2022, 2023, or 2024 based on race, religion, sexual orientation, gender, gender identity, ethnicity, national origin, or disability. Criminal offense categories included murder/non-negligent manslaughter, manslaughter by negligence, sexual assault offenses (rape, fondling, incest, and statutory rape), robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, motor vehicle theft, arson, larceny-theft, simple assault, intimidation, and destruction/damage/vandalism of property.

Unfounded

There was no unfounded cases on this campus.

Hazing

There were no reports of hazing on any CVCC campuses.

Crime Statistics Table Catawba Furniture Academy

OC – On Campus; NC – Non-Campus; PP – Public Property

Offense	OC	OC	OC	NC	NC	NC	PP	PP	PP
Year	2022	2023	2024	2022	2023	2024	2022	2023	2024
Murder / Non-negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter by Negligence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fondling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offense Non-Forcible	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Liquor Law Arrest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Liquor Law Violations Referred for Disciplinary Action	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Drug Abuse Arrests	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Drug Abuse Referred for Disciplinary Action	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weapons Possession Arrests	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weapons Possession Violations Referred for Disciplinary Action	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Domestic Violence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dating Violence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Stalking	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Unfounded Crimes	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Hate Crimes

There were no reported hate crimes for the years 2022, 2023, or 2024 based on race, religion, sexual orientation, gender, gender identity, ethnicity, national origin, or disability. Criminal offense categories included murder/non-negligent manslaughter, manslaughter by negligence, sexual assault offenses (rape, fondling, incest, and statutory rape), robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, motor vehicle theft, arson, larceny-theft, simple assault, intimidation, and destruction/ damage/vandalism of property.

Unfounded

There were no unfounded cases on this campus.

Hazing

There were no reports of hazing on any CVCC campuses.

Crime Statistics Table Alexander Campus

OC – On Campus; NC – Non-Campus; PP – Public Property

Offense	OC	OC	OC	NC	NC	NC	PP	PP	PP
Year	2022	2023	2024	2022	2023	2024	2022	2023	2024
Murder / Non-negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter by Negligence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fondling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offense Non-Forcible	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Liquor Law Arrest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Liquor Law Violations Referred for Disciplinary Action	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Drug Abuse Arrests	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Drug Abuse Referred for Disciplinary Action	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weapons Possession Arrests	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weapons Possession Violations Referred for Disciplinary Action	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Domestic Violence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dating Violence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Stalking	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Unfounded Crimes	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Hate Crimes

There were no reported hate crimes for the years 2022, 2023, or 2024 based on race, religion, sexual orientation, gender, gender identity, ethnicity, national origin, or disability. Criminal offense categories included murder/non-negligent manslaughter, manslaughter by negligence, sexual assault offenses (rape, fondling, incest, and statutory rape), robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, motor vehicle theft, arson, larceny-theft, simple assault, intimidation, and destruction/ damage/vandalism of property.

Unfounded

There were no unfounded cases on this campus.

Hazing

There were no reports of hazing on any CVCC campuses.